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Pythia
Oracle of Delphi
by Lauren Foster McLeod
There You Are...

My dear spouse downloaded a virus onto our computer this week. It’s a nasty little thing that invaded my Word 7 program. Whenever I go to close out a file, instead of getting the usual request about whether to save changes or not to the document, I get the message: Joan Van Beecelaere is a great big jerk! And then it refuses to save or close unless I acknowledge the insult with a click of “OK.”

At first, I was really miffed. First, why would someone want to play such a stupid joke. Second, why should this happen to me? I’ve got enough hassle in my life, thank you, without computers giving me back-talk. And third, just what was my husband trying to do by downloading strange stuff off the internet? Rats!

I thought about calling one of my computer guru friends and asking him to come and remove the offending beast. But than I thought about it again. Actually, it’s not bad to have a little reminder that I need to do a small reality check now and again.

We all need a little something once and awhile to goad us to do a reality check. I think most people, myself included, get so wrapped up in “stuff” — jobs, classes, meetings, etc. — that we lose touch with what is really going on around us and what is really going on inside us. We live on autopilot much of the time, going through the motions. It’s not because we are somehow deficient or that we don’t care. It’s just easier that way and we fall into habit.

There’s nothing wrong with habit per se, but unthinking habits in lifestyle tend to support the worst of society’s destructive status quo. It’s habit that leads us to toss the aluminum can rather than recycle it. It’s habit that makes us jump in the car and run to the store on a whim for ice cream. It’s habit, pure and simple, that invites us to ignore the hundreds of ways that we can further social and ecological justice in our own cities and towns.

I was reading the Earth Healer newsletter this week. It’s the newsletter of the Gaia Community UU congregation in Kansas City. A quote in the publication by Jane Holt, really caught my eye. She said “I truly believe the best thing we can do to manifest our spiritual path in our community is to live a conscious, intentional life.” In other words, it’s not by our clothing or our jewelry or the number of times that we call out “Blessed Be,” that we are defined within society. Rather, others should know we are following an earth-centered path by the way we live our lives.

Our earth-centered, Pagan spiritual path calls us specifically to turn off the autopilot and to live with intentionality and responsibility. We celebrate the interdependence of all life in our rituals. This calls us to explore the deep ties between theology, ecology and social justice. As Unitarian Universalist Pagans, we are called to walk our talk and live in the knowledge that our smallest decisions can have global repercussions.

We all need a little reality check now and then. Maybe a little sign that pops up when ever we go on autopilot to remind us that a life lived without intentionality is the life of a “great big jerk.”

I’ve grown to appreciate my little computer virus. Sometimes the universe works in quirky ways.

Blessings!

Joan Van Beecelaere
CUUPS President

CUUPS Projects in Que!

As part of our development, CUUPS is planning a journal for publication in the year 2000. The journal will reflect in depth earth religious thinking of our time.

To apply for funding, grants, and to put out a call for papers, we need to create a name for the publication.

So we are having a contest! We are inviting the members to enter their ideas. Some suggestions like “Full CUUPS” and “The CUUPS Journal” have already been discussed. Deadline for entries is February 28, 1999.

The prize for the winning title will be a one year membership in CUUPS.

If you have ideas you can send them to David Pollard at the CUUPS email address, <CUUPS@uua.org> or regular postal service at CUUPS Journal Contest, c/o 517 Valley Mills Drive, Arlington, TX 76018.

Blessings!

David Pollard
CUUPS Vice President

Upcoming Newsletter Themes & Deadlines...

The following are deadlines for the 1999 series of newsletters for CUUPS.

April/May 1999 - Deadline March 15: Basic Theme: Book and Music Reviews

September 1999 - Deadline July 30: Basic Theme: Teaching Earth Religious Ways

December 1999 - Deadline October 30: Basic Theme: Rituals in Everyday Living

Please send articles via email to kishhilde@earthlink.net or by postal mail on disk to me at First Universalist Society, 211 Bridge Street, Salem, MA
The CUUPS office.

If you cannot put them on a disk please type them double spaced. we can scan them more accurately.

I am looking to add to our editorial staff this next year. If you are interested let me know. I also would like to invite artists to send in your work. Black and white is best. a good copy of the piece is all I really need to scan in.

Often our publication receives requests from other Pagan magazines and periodicals to reprint something in their print media. Be sure to indicate tour contact information when sending things so you can have the opportunity to show up in print elsewhere too!

Brightest blessings to you all!

Jerrie Hildebrand
The CUUPS Newsletter Editor

Concert CD Release Parties!!

With the new concert recording out we are looking for ways to promote it. One of the suggestions has been to invite chapters and church bookstores to have CD release parties. Details will be available soon. If your chapter or congregation is interested please contact the CUUPS office.

RE Projects Beginning...

CUUPS has formed a committee to look at creating religious education curricula and materials. To fulfill this vision we are looking for committed volunteers who are interested in seeing this through. We are looking for those interested in RE for children and adults.

If you are interested please contact Joan VanBeeleare via email at gaia-spirit@worldnet.att.net or via the CUUPS office.

About Communications...

The website has finally been updated with correct chapter information. Please check your chapter to make sure it aligns with the information our office has for you. If you are not public as someone following earth religious paths or have confidentiality issues, please take that into consideration when choosing the name you wish us to show as the chapter contact person. There are many ways that can be handled. Send any information to me at kishhilde@earthlink.net.

Press releases have been sent out announcing the sale of our concert recording from GA. We are preparing advertisements for UU and Pagan publications to market it. Anyone knowing of a great magazine or newsletter for advertising this in should contact me with the information. We are willing to do advertisement exchanges for ads in our publications too.

Thanks to all of you who supported our publications in 1998...here to a great 1999!

Happy New Year!

Jerrie Hildebrand
Director of Communications

Access Committee Forms...

CUUPS has created an Access Committee with the tasks of interfacing with:

- the CUUPS committees that put on Convo and GA programs,
- the management of the sites hosting those programs,
- the membership in need of accommodation, and
- the membership willing and able to assist in that accommodation.

Note Email Address Change...

Our organizational email address has changed to CUUPS@uua.org. Our website address will remain the same...www.cuups.org.

Convo Planning...

The meeting schedule for Convocation in New England for the next few months are Feb 6, 1999 and March 9, 1999 from 1-5 pm at the First Universalist Society of Salem, MA in the Anna F. Hill Room. After March they will remain the first Saturday of the month except for July. The July meeting will be the second Saturday of the month.

These meetings are open to those interested in planning convocation in New England for the fall of 1999 for CUUPS. We are waiting for confirmation on our site now and will announce it in the next newsletter.

We need lots of folks to help on committees. Sub-committees have been formed with people accountable for them. Talk to your chapter members about coming and/or taking on a section of the gathering! Individual members not connected with a chapter are also very welcome!

Committees will share what they have been doing so we can all give input. Some committees have yet to be set up. We will set up time for committees to get some work done at the meeting too separately and together with the entire group.

Conversations have begun with possible presenters.

So come join us as we prepare for a great convo!

Jerrie Hildebrand
Convos ’99 Chair

The goal is to bring everyone who wants to be involved in a CUUPS activity into that involvement. The immediate goals of the committee are to:

1. Ensure that Convo ’99 is accessible
2. Ensure that GA programming is accessible
3. Educate the membership on accessibility issues
4. Ensure that Convo 2000 is accessible

So what does "accessible" mean? It means that everyone can eat the food, travel to the site, get to the individual program events at the site. It means that everyone can participate in the program events, regardless of vision, hearing, or mobility impairments.

Notelrac Starchasm is the Chair of this committee. If you want to reach him privately, the email address is notelrac@notelrac.com. If you wish to contact the whole committee, the mailing list is cuuups-access@onelist.com.

If you wish to join the committee in its discussions, you can subscribe via http://www.onelist.com. Membership is open to all, including the temporarily able-bodied. You will need to register, and then ask to join the cuuups-access mailing list. An archive of our discussions is available to list members. Be forewarned -- if you join, you will ask you to do something!

Send Your Announcements for Late Spring...

If your congregation or chapter is planning earth religious programming open to the public let us know by the next newsletter deadline March 15, 1999. We would love to publish them but need advance notice.
From Feathered Pipe Foundation...

The Feathered Pipe Foundation will present *A Convocation of Shining Ones: An Initiatory Workshop with the Archangels, Manitous and Devas at the Feathered Pipe Ranch, Helena, Montana June 12-19, 1999* with Brooke Medicine Eagle and David Goddard

This workshop will be a unique opportunity to experience the transformative power and practical magic of the Angels of Light, who manifest themselves in radiant form in every culture. Workshop participants will engage in sacred practices which bring real world results into relationship, home, work and finances, guided by two powerful leaders:

David Goddard, a mage and lineage-holder of the Western Esoteric Tradition; and Brooke, who carries the ancient Turtle Island Wisdom.

During this week together we will sing, pray, and celebrate with the Shining Ones: Archangels, the Manitous of Turtle Island form and the Devas (angels of Nature). Our time together will focus on bringing sacred ceremonies, chants and meditations into our daily lives, while learning to see the Divine made manifest in the beautiful surroundings of the Rocky Mountains.

Two of the Seven Empowerments of the Archangels will be conferred; these spiritual initiations will forever link you to the Highest Sources of Light and Life. You will also have the opportunity to bring something of unique beauty into your life through ceremonial magic that may be worked only once in your life.

Brooke Medicine Eagle is an American native earthkeeper, teacher, healer, songwriter and author of "Buffalo Woman Comes Singing".

David Goddard is a teacher and lineage-holder of the Western Esoteric Tradition. He teaches around the world and enables others to experience the transformative power of Spirit. He is the author of "The Sacred Magic of Angels" and "The Tower of Alchemy". David is the founder of The Pharos, an international School of the Soul.

For more information please contact the Feathered Pipe, 406-442-8196.

Sermon Segment - Many Faces of the Divine

Delivered at the Unitarian Universalist Church of St. Petersburg, FL
Sheri Morton Stanley (June 1998)

The Classical writer Symmachus once said "Do the means by which a man seeks the truth really matter? There is no single road by which we may arrive at so great a Mystery."

We are all on that journey - travelling our own roads towards that great Mystery. Some choose paths worn smooth by countless feet, singing songs given utterance by ancient tongues. Some pick their way through dense forests never before entered, chanting their own private hymns of joy. Some wander between road and farmland, some climb the fences and walk between the rows. All travelling towards the Mountain.

Our names for this destination vary: God, Goddess, Jesus, Buddha, Ishtar, Nirvana, Creation, Creator, Trickster, Allah, Pele, Nature, Earth, Life. Sometimes, we confuse the name with the thing itself. Sometimes, we confuse this glorious destination with our own egos - believing that our path is the only way, or the best way, or the fastest way to the top. We cannot forget that religion is only our way of formalizing the path, giving a constant and reassuring rhythm to our collective journeys. Intended to be helpful, religion can become a hindrance - substituting border checks where there should be bridges, confining where it should liberate. At its worst, it sets us against one another, and prevents any of us from reaching our goal. At its best, though, it provides support when we stumble, arms to catch us when we fall. It gives us comradeship and comfort, and boundaries which clarify the journey and give us a sense of accomplishment. It gives us a place to celebrate and people to share the journey.

And this journey is difficult, make no mistake. Coming closer to the Mystery which lies behind and within the world challenges the soul - it makes us change. Travelling this hero's pathway, according to the Katha Upanishad, is "the sharpened edge of a razor, hard to traverse". We need all the help we can get.

And our destination? The point at which all roads converge and all pathways meet. Perhaps visible to those with special wisdom, this meeting place is hidden from our sight.

We can only guess what lies ahead, can only look and listen to the world around us to gather our clues. The names of this Center are innumerable - and very personal. Lao Tzu says that it cannot be named, yet even he must name it for himself. As he calls it "the way", others have called it "the source", "the all", "the infinite" or "the truth". The truth is that there can be no name which fully describes it. All our efforts are, at best, descriptions of only a portion - the reflection of the sun in a mirror, a pale imitation of that source of light.

As UU's, we are called to look beyond the rigid mask of dogma, which obscures the true face of the Divine, and to recognize that the names we give to this ineffable Truth are inadequate indeed to explain or encompass it's Nature.

It is the Center, the instant in which all things are possible.
It is black Yemaya, swaying gently to the rhythms of the sea,
It is clever Raven, bringing forth light
It is gentle Jesus, and fierce Kali
It dwells within us, and transcends us.

Listen carefully - beneath the hum of daily living you can hear the heartbeat of the world. Here is Divinity, beneath our feet, within our hearts. May we in every moment hear that heartbeat. May we in every moment recognize Divinity in our lives, in our companions, in ourselves. So mote it be.
“I am confronted very often with trying to explain to people what I mean by Paganism. To some people, it seems like a contradiction to say that I have a certain subjective truth; I have experienced the Goddess, and this is my total reality. And yet I do not believe that I have the one true, right and only way. Many people cannot understand how I find Her a part of my reality and accept the fact that your reality might be something else. But for me, this in no way is a contradiction, because I am aware that my reality and my conclusions are a result of my unique genetic structure, my life experience and my subjective feelings; and you are a different person, whose same experience of whatever may or may not be out there will be translated in your nervous system into something different. And I can learn from that. I can extend my own reality by sharing that and grow. This recognition that everyone has different experiences is a fundamental keystone to Paganism; it’s the fundamental premise that whatever is going on out there is infinitely more complex than I can ever understand. And that makes me feel very good.” - Alison Harlow, systems analyst / priestess

You really can’t begin to talk about what contemporary Paganism is until you’ve talked about what it isn’t. The disinformation campaign against Pagans and Paganism really is one of the most concerted, and successful, in history. Some within the Pagan ranks perceive this as a deliberate campaign and a conspiracy; while not a conspiracy theorist by nature, I tend to go along with that to a degree. But whether deliberate or accidental, the fact is that in our age of computers, mass media, and high science, most people have a view of what I’m calling Paganism which comes straight out of the Middle Ages. Paganism, in this light, is associated with the devil-worship, demonic possession, evil spells, and an embrace of evil itself in the context of an unholy war against Christianity.

The definition of witch in a contemporary dictionary is "one that is credited with usually malign supernatural powers, especially a woman practicing black witchcraft often with the aid of a devil or familiar: sorceress" (Webster’s New Collegiate Dictionary, 1981). That picture is, in fact, a product of Christianity and was developed centuries after the real foundations of Paganism were laid in Europe and elsewhere in the world. Here in the UU Fellowship, I think that most of us would rightly claim to have a perspective that transcends Middle-Ages prejudice and distortions. But when I stand here and tell you that I am a witch, you may still feel a twinge of that cultural hangover. The word still carries a certain charge, doesn’t it?

What I’d like to do for a few minutes here is try to counter these misapprehensions with some facts about the people and practices involved in alternative earth-centered religion, as it was originally practiced and as it exists - quietly - in our society today. The word "Pagan" means, most simply, ‘country dweller.’

When Christianity began to spread in Europe after Rome embraced it, it caught on and was encouraged in the cities first. Country people were not touched by the new religion as quickly, and clung to older beliefs which emphasized the sacredness of nature, the seasonal cycles, and the idea of different deities being associated with different natural forces. These country dwellers, rustics, hicks, bumpkins - Pagans - were seen as the still unsaved. (Another word for ‘unsaved’ which persists down to the present day is ‘heathen’ - dwellers in the heath). When attempts were made to Christianize those who clung to these old ways, they were no doubt accompanied by the condescension of the urbanite for the rural resident. In time, of course, they were accompanied by things a lot more violent. But the biggest days of the ‘witch-burnings,’ in the late Middle Ages, were probably more motivated by the desire to repress individualistic or independent people - largely women - than by real Christian piety. And they were less directed at Pagans or Paganism
A Feast of Lights...

A midwinter celebration of spirit, community and the arts featuring The Stag King’s Masque - a masquerade ball and ritual performance Feb 12 - 15, 1999 in Northampton, MA

This joyous festival brings together a wide range of teachers, authors, performers and artists offering programs for adults and children alike. Concerts, drumming, workshops, Morris dancing, stories and more.

Anticipated presenters include:

M. Macha Nightmare of the Reclaiming Collective in California, co-author with Starhawk of The Pagan Book of Living and Dying; Phyllis Curott, Minoan priestess and author of the newly released, "The Book of Shadows"; Imani, drummer of spirit, founder of Circle Skin and Bone; Deborah Ann Light, hedge-witch, crone and poetic oracle; Andras Corban Arthen, witch teacher and bard, director of the EarthSpirit Community; Ellen Evert Hopman, druid, herbalist and author of several books including, People of the Earth; and Orion Foxwood, Founder of the Foxwood Temple and teacher of Faerie and goddess traditions

Come join in this community celebration. Learn from the wisdom of ancient Earth-centered spiritual traditions from the visions of artists, poets and bards. Sing songs of the sacred, of hope and of power.

Dance with the Earth and with each other. Listen to the stories of life, or tell your own.

As we share with one another, feel the spark of life, long hidden deep beneath the snow, begin to warm in your heart.

Registration for the full weekend’s program: $100/adult. Day rates and tickets for the Masque only are also available, accommodations at the Inn should be made separately. To register or for full information, please call

EarthSpirit: 413-238-4240, fax to 413-238-7785; or see our website at www.earthspirit.com than they were at those who defied social conventions in general. The burnings are a whole subject in themselves, and we don’t really have time to get into that now. In any case, that was then, and that was the beginning of the disinformation campaign which persists down to our own time. But what is Paganism today? My definition of Paganism goes a bit beyond what some would choose. It includes such European traditions as Wicca, Druidism, and Asatru, but also incorporates Native American belief systems, various cosmologies from Africa and Latin America, and hybrid systems that have developed in recent centuries, such as Vudun and Santeria. What do all these religions have in common? Actually, quite a bit, despite many differences . . .

- an openness toward a polytheistic sensibility, which allows for the presentation of the divine in a number of different aspects, and with this, a reverence for the natural world as both creation and creator

- an openness toward magick - the conscious manipulation of unseen, yet still natural, forces, in pursuit of a specific goal, through training in a specific system of knowledge

- the tendency to approach reality and experience in cyclical, as opposed to linear, terms, and the use of cycle symbols, such as the seasonal Wheel of the Year, to express and celebrate this approach and what follows from it, which is the idea of eternal renewing and a balance between light and dark, life and death, male and female, and other polarities

- a disinclination to insist on hard-and-fast doctrine, which in many religions involves interpretation by a special priestly class. In most types of Paganism, everyone is a priest or priestess, an initiate.

- and, of course, a history of repression by dominant world religions like Christianity and Islam.

I know I just used a lot of five-dollar words there, and I think I need to define some terms. When I say ‘different aspects of the divine,’ I mean that Pagans are by and large open to the idea that God/Goddess/Deity can be encountered in a number of different guises. Sometimes these correspond to natural forces, such as rain, fire, wind. Sometimes they are associated with different expressions of the psyche, such as love, anger, envy, generosity. Usually, these aspects are derived from very everyday, familiar things in people’s lives. Divinity is everywhere to most Pagans.

Which brings me to Immanence. When I first started looking into Paganism, this gave me the most trouble conceptually. It’s actually a pretty well-worn idea, very similar to pantheism. God / Goddess / Deity is literally everywhere, in everything. In people, in animals and plants, in the elements (air, water, fire, earth). The Hindi greeting "Namaste" says this quite precisely, by the way. That word, used in greeting, means "The Divine in me salutes the Divine in you." For most Pagans, the word ‘supernatural’ is a null word. What is natural is holy; there’s no separation between the spiritual and material worlds. Understanding that lack of separation is important to understanding magick as the word is used by Pagans. It’s very different from the illusionist ‘magic’ referred to by ‘magicians’ who put on a show. That’s one reason why a lot of Pagans put a "k" on the end of the word - to make that distinction. Magick, in the Pagan sense, involves using material and mental/psychic means to manipulate or shape some aspect of the world around us. Some common uses of magick are divination (seeking insight as to choices and the outcomes of individual action), healing, and of course, contact and communication with deity. The latter can be as simple - and powerful - as individual prayer, or may involve creating sacred space with other people. In Wicca and similar traditions, for example, a frequent ritual involves ‘casting a circle’ - a physical space in a room or outside which is set apart for magickal workings and contact with the God and Goddess.

What most Pagans do NOT use magick for is to harm other people. The reason for this is that the principle of "do unto others" is as much a part of Paganism as it is of Christianity. The wording is often given as "An it harm none, do what you will." The idea
is very similar, though - what you do to others, good OR bad, comes back to you. Casting evil spells or otherwise attempting to inflict harm by magick is both immoral, in Pagan terms, and self-defeating. Most Pagans would agree that it’s a good way to make bad trouble for yourself - and Pagans are not any more likely to be masochists than anybody else. The act of damaging someone else also damages yourself, just as the act of helping someone else helps you. Either way, when you perform any kind of magickal working, you are "bound up" in it yourself.

Many Pagans embrace a cyclical view of reality. There are a lot of implications to that - some take the idea of cyclical renewal as far as reincarnation, in fact. The emphasis on cycles is one of the things I personally find most appealing about Paganism. It can relieve a lot of spiritual and even psychological stress - if everything is coming around again, then mistakes, miscues, wrong turns will be made right - over time. Maybe not this time around, but the next time. And life will follow death as surely as death follows life. The cyclical view implies not just second chances, but an eternal number of chances. It’s for this reason that many Pagans, including myself, often do rituals or observances which call attention to some aspect of a cycle, such as seasonal celebrations or full-moon observances. Right now we have just passed one of the commonly-observed Pagan holidays, Beltane (May Day). The Maypole, the bunny rabbits, the flower garlands of Beltane (and later, the Easter season) all highlight the idea of the earth - and for many, the Deity - becoming fertile, blossoming, Springing forth. At the other end of the year is Falling back, becoming fallow, dying - Samhain, or what contemporary culture understands as Hallowe’en.

In all, there are often either four or eight holidays for many Pagans, corresponding to different points in the yearly life of the Earth - and, for many, to different points in the life of the God. Wiccans, and those of many similar traditions, embrace the idea of an eternal, ageless Goddess and a God who she bears as a son (at Yule - sound familiar?), raises as a child, takes as a mate, and cares for in his aging and death - every year. At each stage of life is a season. The Earth expresses the life cycle of the God.

Whether you literally worship the moon or Mother Earth (and many do), it’s the symbolism that is powerful. Paganism is, in many ways, a religion of symbols. Someone I read once said that it’s a religion of poetry, as opposed to prose. What is evocative, to Pagans, is more important than what is descriptive or explanatory.

Which leads me to the fourth point I mentioned at the beginning - Pagans’ relative lack of doctrine or canon. The joke runs that at a gathering of four Pagans, there are probably at least five religions represented. This is one thing that Pagans really share with a lot of us as Unitarian Universalists. Like UU’s, there’s an attitude of respect for people’s spiritual search as opposed to their conclusions, their journey as opposed to their destination. Oh, we certainly do have our sectarians, our ‘fundamentalists,’ like any religious group does. That’s a psychological phenomenon, in my opinion, that’s pretty universal. But for the most part, Pagans’ emphasis on symbol and ritual over doctrine means real acceptance of diversity. Occasionally, this can be amusing - there are some Pagan groups which seem to exist for their joke value, like the Discordians, who say things like "We’ll let others determine the story behind the Universe - we go straight to the punch line."

Of course, that attitude has brought opposition and mistrust from established religious organizations. The Pagan embrace of many paths, one destination, and our fairly lighthearted approach toward spirituality, has earned us censure and condemnation for centuries as heretics, devil-worshippers, you-name-it. And, of course, the embrace of an at least symbolically female aspect of Deity has put us afoul of many in major religions who see God as male, and who have organized societies patriarchally with the help of that imagery. The censure and lack of acceptance I’ve just described is, in fact, a big reason why I am so grateful for the existence of this Fellowship: Here I don’t have to worry about
An Opportunity for UU Pagans to Explain Themselves

A new electronic magazine for UUs on campus is being stated this fall. It will be called Heart, Mind, & Spirit.

We would like to include some articles about UU Paganism and Earth-Centered Spirituality.

If interested, get complete details from the following web site: http://umn.edu/home/parkx032/HMS.html

I have recently finished reading Margo Adler’s Drawing Down the Moon. And I am now much more sympathetic toward UU Paganism. But no matter what my personal views, the subscribers of HMS determine which proposed articles get published.

Yours,
James Park,
Editor of Heart, Mind, & Spirit.

1816 Stevens Avenue South #25
Minneapolis, Minnesota
55403-3822

DEALING WITH THAT KIND OF THING

But the UU churches are a huge exception to the rule. As a matter of fact, Unitarian Universalism, as I hope I’ve shown, has a very large amount in common with what is generally defined as Paganism. Acceptance of others’ beliefs, a reverent and protective attitude toward the natural world, and an emphasis on the individual spiritual journey, are all things which I’ve found to be true of our UU community, the UU organization generally . . . and my Pagan friends and family.

The bottom line for me, regarding being a Pagan, is: It’s something I have always been - but like many others say, for a long time I didn’t know what I believed had a name. It’s a religion that works for me because it doesn’t require me to put my brain on hold; it’s open-ended, again like Unitarian Universalism. And it’s as close as the Earth beneath my feet.

“Mother Goddess is reawakening, and we can begin to recover our primal birthright, the sheer, intoxicating joy of being alive. We can open new eyes and see that there is nothing to be saved from, no struggle of life against the universe, no God outside the world to be feared and obeyed; only the Goddess, the Mother, the turning spiral that whirls us in and out of existence, whose winking eye is the pulse of being - birth, death, rebirth - whose laughter bubbles and courses through all things and who is found only through love: love of trees, of stones, of sky and clouds, of scented blossoms and thundering waves; of all that runs and flies and swims and crawls on her face; through love of ourselves; life-dissolving world-creating orgasmic love of each other; each of us unique and natural as a snowflake, each of us our own star, her Child, her lover, her beloved, her Self.”

– Starhawk, The Spiral Dance

EarthMan
Dave Burwasser

Earth Centered UUs in Asia

In the Philippines, a Universalist church (now UU) was founded 30 years ago by Bishop Toribio Quimada, who converted from Catholicism after reading about Universalism. Many of the UUs are ex-Catholics and farmers. One of the features of the church that appeals to former Catholics is the equality of the minister and the people. Church buildings are made out of coconut wood and bamboo, and one uses an empty bombshell as a bell. Many of the ministers do faith-healing using charms, oil and prayers; the UU association the the Philippines has a faith-healing department. Services sometimes include mass healings where people come from miles around, and one village has six male and six female mediums.

In India, the Khasi Hills Unitarians live in matrilineal hill tribes in the eastern part of the country. The founder of the Khasi Hills Unitarians combined Unitarian Christianity with tribal religion about 100 years ago. There were 7000 KUs in 1995, and in 1996 there are 9000. They have 33 churches, most or all of which are used as schools during the week. (All other schools in the region are run by Christian missionaries and are objectionable to the Unitarians.) One of the churches can hold 5000 people and has a flaming chalice on the roof. Some churches have five services on a Sunday.

About 20 years ago the Khasi Hills Unitarians mutually discovered an even older Unitarian tradition in India, the Unitarian Christian Church in Madras, which celebrated its 200th anniversary in 1995. The Madras church, with 125 adults and many children in Religious Education, is the second oldest Old World Unitarian movement, after Poland.
About the CUUPS Survey...

Dear Friends,

CUUPS, like the UUA, is a growing organization. With so many members and friends, many of them new, it is difficult for the CUUPS Board to know what is desired in terms of General Assembly and Convocation programming, organizational initiatives in religious education, involvement with social action issues and other organizations, and so on.

The Board would also like to know more about our membership and friends so we can better understand what you might want from the organization. We need your feedback. We need your input into the decision making process. This is a membership organization and you are the membership.

Please take a few minutes to fill out the attached survey and return it to us. We ask that you return the survey by February 28, 1999 at the latest.

If you are not a member of CUUPS but subscribe to the Newsletter or have an interest in our activities, we want to hear from you, too. That is why you have received this complimentary issue of the newsletter. We cherish our friends as well.

Thank you for assisting us with this important task.

Blessings,

Joan Van Beelaere
President/CUUPS, Inc.

Survey

Please Note: Your replies to this survey will be held confidential. Any information released will be in the form of aggregate scores and percentages only.

I. Who Are You? (demographics)

1. Year of birth:____________________

2. Gender: _____ Female     _____ Male

3. How do you describe yourself?
   ___Asian or Pacific American     ___Black or African American     ___Mexican American or Chicano
   ___Puerto Rican                 ___Other Hispanic, Latino/a      ___White (Non-Hispanic)
   ___Native American              ___Multi-racial                 ___Other ________ (please specify)

4. Sexual orientation (please use your own term.):
   ____________________________________________________________________

5. How much formal education have you had?
   ___less than High School        ___High School                  ___Some college        ___Bachelor’s Degree
   ___Some graduate work           ___Master’s Degree             ___Some PhD work       ___Doctorate

6. What is your approximate household annual income?
   ___$0 - $15,000                  ___$15,000 - $25,000          ___$25,000 - $40,000   ___$40,000 - $55,000
   ___$55,000 - $70,000             ___$70,000 +

7. How long have you been following an Earth/Nature-Centered/Pagan religious path? _____ (please answer -0- if you don’t.)

8. Did you first attend UU services before, about the same time, or after you started exploring an Earth/Nature-Centered/Pagan religious path?
   ___before                        ___about the same time        ___after
II Priorities for CUUPS

9. Below is a list of activities and programs that CUUPS has been involved with or could become involved with during the next few years. Please circle one number for each question. Please let us know how important these activities are to you using the following scale: 1) Very Unimportant 2) Unimportant 3) Neutral 4) Important 5) Very Important/Vital

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>VU</th>
<th>U</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>I</th>
<th>VI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>More than one Convocation each year</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA Programming</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More CUUPS Sales items (t-shirts, mugs, etc.)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developing Earth-Centered Adult RE</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developing Earth-Centered Children’s RE</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educating congregations about Earth-Centered theology</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educating the general public about Earth-Centered theology</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interfaith meetings with other Pagan organizations</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interfaith meetings with other religions</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anti-discrimination work</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecological action and campaigning</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New pamphlets on a variety of topics</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expanding CUUPS Newsletter</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Public” member directory</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developing a CUUPS Journal (theological publication)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restarting newsletter for CUUPS chapters</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Development of website and internet facilities</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recruiting more members</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promote district-based networking and activities</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Establishing a physical and official CUUPS office</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Having a paid administrator</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

III. Your Congregation’s CUUPS Chapter or Group

10. Does your congregation have a CUUPS chapter or group? _____Yes _____No (if no, skip to #15)

11. Do you participate in your congregation’s CUUPS chapter or group? _____Yes _____No

12. How many active members are there in your CUUPS chapter or group? ______________________________

13. Approximately how many people attend your rituals, if you hold rituals? ______________________________

14. Please answer the following questions about your CUUPS group or chapter using the scale: 1) Very Negative 2) Somewhat Negative 3) Neutral 4) Somewhat Positive 5) Very Positive

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>VN</th>
<th>SN</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>SP</th>
<th>VP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>How is your CUUPS group perceived by your congregation?</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If you offer Sunday services, what is the congregation’s reaction to them?</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If you offer open rituals, how does the congregation reaction to them?</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How do your chapter members view other congregational activities?</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How is your CUUPS group perceived by your local Pagan community?</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If you offer open rituals, what is the local Pagan reaction?</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How do your chapter members view to other Pagan community activities?</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
15. How important to you are the following aspects of attending Earth-Centered/Pagan rituals? 1) Very Unimportant  2) Unimportant  3) Neutral  4) Important  5) Very Important/Vital

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aspect</th>
<th>VU</th>
<th>U</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>I</th>
<th>VI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intellectual Stimulation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fellowship</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Celebrating Common Values</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Experience of Participation and Worship</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. Which best describes your chapter members' involvement in the local congregation?

_____ Most are not involved in anything except the CUUPS group.
_____ Most attend Sunday service and CUUPS activities, but little else.
_____ Most attend about the same number of activities as most of the other members of the congregation.
_____ Most are somewhat active in the congregation and some participate in committee work.
_____ Most are very active and participate in committee work.

17. Which best describes your chapter members' involvement in the local Pagan community's activities?

_____ Most are not involved in anything except the CUUPS group.
_____ Most attend a few activities, but not to any great extent.
_____ Most attend about the same number of activities as most of the other members of the local Pagan community.
_____ Most are somewhat active in the local Pagan community and some are very active.
_____ Most are very active and participate in local Pagan activities.

IV. The Local Congregation

18. How important to you are the following aspects of attending church service? 1) Very Unimportant  2) Unimportant  3) Neutral  4) Important  5) Very Important/Vital

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aspect</th>
<th>VU</th>
<th>U</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>I</th>
<th>VI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intellectual Stimulation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fellowship</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Celebrating Common Values</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Experience of Participation and Worship</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

19. Are you a member or active friend of a local Unitarian Universalist congregation?  

_____ Yes  _____ No (If No, skip to #28)

20. How long have you been a member or active friend? ____________________________

21. Have you ever taught Religious Education, either for children or adults, in your congregation?  

_____ Yes  _____ No

22. If yes, what age(s) and curricula/subject(s) have you taught? ______________________

23. Have you ever participated on a congregational committee?  

_____ Yes  _____ No

24. If yes, which committee(s)____________________________________________________

25. Have you ever sat on the board of your congregation?  

_____ Yes  _____ No

26. Do you pledge in your congregation?  

_____ Yes  _____ No

27. If so, would you please share an approximate annual dollar amount? ____________________________

V. Additional Questions and Comments

28. Are there any additional comments you would like to share with the Board of CUUPS?________________________________________________________

29. Last name (this information will not be released): ______________________________________

30. Zip Code: __________________________________________

Mailing Instruction:

Please tear the survey out of the newsletter. Fill it out. When closing it up fold it into thirds along the rules so that the CUUPS Mailing address is showing. Adhere with a piece of tape on the three sides. Stamp it and mail. Thank you for participating in the survey. Blessed Be!
From:
CUUPS
8190A Beechmont Avenue #335
Cincinnati, Ohio 45255-3154

To:
CUUPS Survey
c/o David Pollard, Vice President
517 Valley Mills Drive
Arlington, TX 76018
SEX AND HUMAN VALUES: A BOOK REVIEW

REVIEW BY DANIEL S. LEVINE

Sacred Pleasure: Sex, Myth, and the Politics of the Body
Riane Eisler

This volume is a sequel to the same author’s widely read The Chalice and the Blade, and like its predecessor, boldly advances the thesis that much of what is regarded in contemporary folk psychology as "immutable human nature" actually arose from ecological and social circumstances in the remote past. Specifically, Riane Eisler argues in both books, with many compelling and accessible examples, that social systems based on dominator-subordinate rankings, strict gender role divisions, and institutionalized war are not the only possible systems. Rather, she evinces archaeological proof that societies based on partnership, cooperation, and equality in fact flourished during Paleolithic and Neolithic times. Moreover, there was a cataclysmic change in most societies in Europe and Asia, spurred in Europe between about 4300 and 2800 B.C. by invasions from groups based in the harsh Asian steppes and variously called Kurgan or Indo-European. This moved each society away from a partnership toward a dominator orientation, which caused a fundamental shift in many common categorizations and beliefs. Sacred Pleasure deals especially with the historical shifts in categorizations relating to sex and love, and how they still affect us all in ways both the author and I consider harmful. The title refers to the ancient blending of sex and spirituality, particularly related to goddess worship, and the efforts of some modern visionaries to recapture this connection. Eisler’s is not a standard psychology book, but it is recommended for different groups of psychologists for many reasons. Behavioral psychologists will be particularly interested in the arguments it advances against sociobiology and related paradigms such as social Darwinism. Against the animal studies that sociobiologists rely on to justify dominance hierarchies and sexual double standards, Eisler cites studies of bonobos, African pygmy chimpanzees who have a much more peaceful society. Bonobos use sex (between all combinations, male-female, male-male, and female-female) both for social bonding and to relieve potential tensions. Cognitive psychologists will be interested in what Eisler hints about the wide capacity of humans for categorizations and associations that differ from standard ones; for example, the fact that modern societies often associate sexuality with violence or sin, whereas earlier societies associated sexuality with the sacred. Social psychologists will be interested in her debunking of some cultural cliches about relationships, such as the belief that love requires pain and is enhanced by jealousy. Eisler defines her goal as one of advocacy as well as research:

... my aim has not been to accumulate knowledge for its own sake. I was strongly motivated by the increasingly critical need for transformative knowledge: for the new tools for personal and social transformation that our time of mounting ecological, political, and economic crises requires if we are to have a better future, perhaps a future at all. (p. 2)

After examining the interpersonal roots of our many social crises, she concluded that attitudes about sex have critical implications for attitudes about many other things: peace and war, dominance and submission, gender roles, pleasure, and love, for example. In particular, she argues that violent or loveless interpersonal and institutional relations feed on cultural notions such as "pain and pleasure are two sides of the same coin," "spirituality and sexuality are at opposite poles," and "the war of the sexes is inevitable" (p. 3).

New Chapters Approved
The Covenant of Unitarian Universalist Pagans is pleased to announce the following new CUUPS chapter and their contact information.

Burlington UU Circle which is in affiliated with the First UU Society of Burlington (152 Pearl St.) in Burlington, VT. The chapter is currently meeting monthly on the Sunday closest to the full moon at 6pm, and has business meetings the previous Sunday at 6pm. For more information contact Dian Mueller at 802-658-9689.

Earth Spirit which is in affiliated with the St. John’s Unitarian Church (520 Resor Ave.) in Cincinnati, OH. The chapter is meets monthly as near the full moon as feasible at St. John’s. The also have a chapter newsletter Earth Spirit News which comes out on a bimonthly basis. For more information contact Bobbye Wood at 513-541-3460, or email her at bobbye@ties.org

Circle of Heart’s Delight which is affiliated with the First Unitarian Church (160 N. 3rd St.) in San Jose, CA. The chapter meets on the second Friday of the month at the church. For more information contact Jo Balzer at scarr@ix.net.com, or write to First Unitarian Church, 160 N. 3rd St., San Jose CA 95112, Attn: CUUPS.

Athens Area CUUPS which is in affiliated with the Unitarian Fellowship of Athens (184 Longview Hts.Rd.) in Athens, OH. The chapter meets monthly on the first Sunday at noon. For more information contact Sonja Cobl at 740-592-1755, or email her at coble@frognet.net Chapter website: http://www.frognet.net/~cuups

Spirit Circle which is in affiliated with the UU Fellowship of the Brazos Valley (305 Wellborn Rd) in College Station, TX. The chapter is currently meeting monthly at the full moon and will also meet for seasonal observations as announced at their congregation. For more information contact John Holder at 409-694-5400.

Chapters continued on next page
Covenant of Uncompaghre
Unitarian Universalist Pagans
which is in affiliated with the
Uncompaghre UU Society in
Grand Junction, CO. The chapter
meets monthly at the full moon at
6pm at the church downtown "then
heads for the hills to
drum/dance"...and will also meet for
seasonal observations as announced
at their congregation. For more
information contact Christella Lans
at 970-242-7984.

The Covenant of Uncompaghre
Unitarian Universalist Pagans
Mission Statement:
The Covenant of Uncompaghre
Unitarian Universalist Pagans
exists to serve the Uncompaghre
Unitarian Universalist Society's
Mission by providing activities that
create connections with divine ener-
y through our human senses.
Further we exist to remind our
community of the importance of the
feminine aspects of the divine, as
well as the masculine.

Safe Haven which is affiliated with the
UU Congregation of Pueblo
(110 Calla Ave) in Pueblo, CO. The
chapter is currently meeting month-
ly on the 2nd Friday at 7pm. For
more information contact Jan
Smallwood at 719-547-9059.

The CUUPS board of trustees will
vote on a chapter application
received from Stockton CA at our
January 30th meeting.

Eisler broadly discusses two competing frameworks for social cohesion. One is the
dominator model, based on superior-inferior rankings between males and females as well
as between social groups, and enforced by the fear of pain or death. The other is the
partnership model, based on cooperation, equality, and mutuality between the sexes and
between individuals, and held together by the rewards of pleasure and affection. The
very existence of a partnership model has only been accepted in mainstream psychology
since about the 1970s. Sigmund Freud, as Eisler pointed out, believed in the need for
"man" to control nature, including his own inner nature, and for men to dominate women.
The neurobiologist Antonio Damasio (1994) asserted the primacy of emotion in human
decision making, but concluded that only negative emotions and not positive ones can
effectively motivate people. Yet Damasio's pessimism is refuted by recent data of psy-
chologists such as Edward Deci, Richard Ryan, and Mihaly Csikszentmihalyi, indicating
that intrinsic motivation based on enjoyment is effective in many work and personal situa-
tions. This basic premise is also supported, for example, by Alice Isen's results showing
that positive affect enhances creativity and cognitive flexibility. Eisler's historical studies
of partnership societies further strengthen the broad implications of such findings.

Eisler attacks the popular notion, supported by many religious institutions, that
human sexuality is related to the "animal" side of our nature and inferior to our "highest"
human capabilities. Rather, citing work of the biologists Humberto Maturana and
Francisco Varela, she argues that human sexuality is advanced over that of other animals
in many ways that encourage elaborate social bonding. These include the capacity of
human females for multiple orgasms (based in the clitoris, which separates sex from
reproduction) and for sex all year long, not just in estrous periods, and of partners to face
each other during intercourse.

All these changes, combined with the long period of childhood in humans, foster emo-
tional bonding between sexual partners and active involvement of males in child-rearing.
Hence, she argues convincingly, far from being "animalistic," our capacity for sexual plea-
sure is intimately bound up with our highest mental, social, and spiritual capacities.
Moreover, Eisler states that religious authorities (Christian, Muslim, Hindu, or any
other) who advocate rigid sexual morality really only condemn sexual pleasure. They
have been curiously silent, she says, about sexually-related pain, including wife-beating,
abusive relationships, and marital or other rape. In this age of AIDS, she shows that the
disease is spread not so much by sex per se as by uncaring or impersonal "dominator" sex,
and many religious leaders have been silent about this as well. All this suggests to Eisler
and myself that the agendas of these religious authorities are really based in preserving
patriarchal rankings between the sexes, rather than moral sexual behavior as such.

Eisler gives excellent examples of trends over three thousand years of history: the
decline or perversion of partnership sexual customs such as the sacred marriage, and the
growth of other sexual institutions and customs that support a dominator society. She
describes the ancient shift from partnership to dominator orientation as a shift of a large
nonlinear dynamical system from one attractor to another, and discerns a growing world-
wide movement (much of it invisible in the mainstream media) toward return to the earli-
er partnership attractor. This is based on many factors including the greater spread of
democracy and the rise of feminism. Yet another influence is the rise of psychology in
the last century:

But a major factor in these vast changes has been the continuing awakening of masses of people
from their dominator trance -- an awakening further accelerated by the emergence of the social sci-
ences, particularly by the gradual acceptance of modern psychology as both a new scientific discipline
and a new therapy. For what this particular change brought us is an insight we today take for grant-
ed: that we need to understand painful events in our childhoods, particularly within the psychodynam-
ics of our families, if we are to understand, and successfully change, the way we think, feel, and act.
(p. 191)
The book’s later chapters describe many current efforts in different parts of the world at enhancing partnership in economic and political spheres, noting that political movements are increasingly integrated with movements to improve personal life (e.g., reproductive rights and empowerment of women). Eisler also describes the increasingly strident resistance to change on the part of threatened dominator elites, but expresses a hope, based on the evolution of her own consciousness, that the partnership movements stand a fair chance of success. In the process she calls for creativity on the part of all men and women, and decrées the conventional, dominator-based perception of creativity as something that is only possessed by a few and above “ordinary” people and “ordinary” life. Also, she calls for a conceptual distinction between being “creative” in devising weapons of mass extermination versus devising means of enhancing the quality of life. These are issues worthy of serious research by the growing number of psychologists studying creative processes.

Eisler reminds us that a return to partnership is not inevitable but depends on human efforts. What remains unsaid is whether such a change would actually be going back to ancient versions of the partnership society, or instead moving toward a type of society not quite like any from the past. Eisler leans toward the latter: she hints, without developing the point, that the ancient Kurgan invasions actually interrupted the further evolution of the partnership society and that it is our responsibility, with the help of modern technology, to resume this evolution. One might take issue with any glorification of the past based on psychological interpretations of incomplete findings. Yet her conclusion is not that violence was totally absent in Neolithic times, just that it was not institutionally entrenched as it is now. This conclusion is solidly based on the findings of widely respected archaeologists, such as Marija Gimbutas, James Mellaart, and Jacquetta Hawkes.

Also, the notion that centrality of a goddess in ancient religions promoted equality of the sexes, and never female dominance, will probably be controversial. Yet for psychologists, the interpretation of what actually happened in past societies is not the most central part of Eisler’s message. What is more central is her conviction that many unpleasant aspects of modern society (not just in the West but all over the globe) that we often take for granted are not human universals, but are the product of historical factors and can be changed without destroying social stability. These include, for example, fear-based dominance hierarchies, male oppression of women, eroticization of violence, repression of sexual pleasure, overpopulation due to restrictions on contraception, religious glorification of self-induced pain, and cultural glorification of war.

Eisler’s book is recommended reading for both specialists and nonspecialists interested in the roots of human motivation and the extent of human potential. It provides hopeful visions in place of widespread folk psychological notions that have imposed limits on human potential. Hence, both academic and clinical psychologists interested in applying their discipline to the benefit of society will derive inspiration from the many insights and stories in this ground-breaking book.

References

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**Goddess 2000 Project Launches Community Art Event**

Goddess 2000 Project “A Goddess on Every Block!” is a grass-roots community based Goddess art project. Thousands of pagans and others who honor the Earth are preparing to welcome the year 2000 by creating large goddess statues and paintings all over the country. Groups in other countries are also participating. Full details are available at the official Goddess 2000 Project Web site at http://www.geocities.com/Athens/Thebes/5163

This year, all over the world, pagan groups, circles, and solitary folks will be making artwork that celebrates and honors the Goddess and the Green Man. This will be the largest collection of Goddess Imagery seen in the past 5,000 years. The official kick-off for this year long project is Dec. 21, 1998.

Already many people have responded, and statues are being made in wood, plaster, concrete, clay, paper, textiles and metal. Paintings, collages and murals are also being made.

Sponsors of this event are “Grove of the Spiral Goddess” and “The Witches’ Web” two popular Internet destinations.


For More Info Contact:
Abby Willowroot
WillowWebs@aol.com

**Editorial Note on Ads and Press Releases:** Sometimes we receive information from other Goddess and earth religious groups that may be of interest not only to CUUPS members but also to UUs in general who walk a path that honors earth religions.

These press releases are not endorsements of the events or project but merely to inform others of the opportunities in earth religious faith communities.

Regards,
Jerre Hildebrand/Director of PR
CUUPS, Inc.
We are pleased to announce the availability of...

THE MYSTIC’S WHEEL OF THE YEAR 1999

An Eco-Egalitarian Creation Spirituality Calendar!

The Mystic’s Wheel of the Year is for everyone trying to rediscover Goddess and understand God in non-patriarchal ways. It’s an educational tool for learning about ancient and contemporary Nature-based spiritualities—both Western and Eastern!

The Mystic’s Wheel of the Year features non-patriarchal, Nature-based holy days from the ancient Goddess-God religions of:

- Europe (e.g., Old Celtic, Old Greek & Old Teutonic)
- North America (e.g., Iroquois, Zuni & Navajo)
- Meso-America (Aztec, Incan & Mayan)
- Africa (e.g., Old Egyptian & Yoruba)
- the Middle East (e.g., Old Sumerian & Old Canaanite-Hebrew)
- Asia (Hinduism, Taoism & Shinto)

It also includes holy days reflecting the non-patriarchal, mystical God-Goddess roots of:

- Judaism (Kabbalism)
- Christianity (Wisdom tradition)
- Islam (Sufism)
- Buddhism (Tantrism)

The Mystic’s Wheel of the Year includes:

- lunar & solar cycles, visible planets, eclipses & meteor showers
- days focused on milestones/teachers/activists in mysticism & the feminist, human rights, environmentalist & peace movements
- monthly meditations (Deity aspects, Nature, seasonal, psychological, Creation Spirituality path & Kabbalah)

EXCERPTS FROM...

THE MYSTIC’S WHEEL OF THE YEAR

AN ECO-EGALITARIAN CREATION SPIRITUALITY CALENDAR/ IMBOLC 1999

• 1/30 to 2/1 (1/31 11:06 a.m. EST): Full Moon (Cold/Seed Moon).

• 1/30 eve to 2/1 eve: Feast of Old Greek, Roman & Slavic Goddess Artemis/Diana/Diwitsa—as creatrix, midwife of birthing creatures, protector of the young, and punisher of child abusers.

• 1/31 (9:04 a.m. EST): Penumbral Lunar Eclipse (visible in Western North America & Hawaii).

• 1/31: Feast of Oya, Yoruba Orisha of Death and Rebirth. Yorubas worship the One Deity Olodumare and the Orishas—Olodumare’s emanations and messengers.

• 1/31 eve to 2/1 eve: Tu B’Shivath—Jewish Festival of Trees, celebrated with tree plantings and orchard blessings; originally dedicated to Old Canaanite-Hebrew Goddess Asherah.

• 1/31 eve to 2/2 eve: Febualia/Brigid—dedicated to Goddess as Hestia (Old Greek), Vesta/Februa (Old Roman) & Brigid (Old Celtic)—home and hearth were cleaned and blessed, a new fire was kindled, offerings of reparation were given, and peace was made; merged with the Christian feast of St. Brigid of Ireland.

• 1/31 eve to 2/3 eve: Feast of Old Egyptian Goddess Isis, the Healer—recalls Set (God of Challenges and Chaos) poisoning child God Horus, and Isis intervening, defeating Set, and healing Horus.

• 1/31 eve to 2/3 eve: Lesser Eleusinian Mysteries—Old Greek & Roman festival marking the return from Elysium of Goddess Persephone/Proserpina (Queen of the Dead) to live with Her Mother, Goddess Demeter/Ceres (Mother Nature), as Kore/Virga (Queen of the Living) for the verdant part of the year. She is accompanied by Goddess Hekate and those chosen for rebirth. Celebrated with a procession of torches and devotees’ dedication to service of the Goddesses.

• 1/31 eve to 2/4 eve: Mid-Winter/Groundhog’s Day/Candlemas/Imbolc—Festival marking the transformation from death to life—the beginning of the agricultural year, awakening of hibernating animals, and return of migrating birds and fish. Observed with recognition of new borns; a candlelight procession to bless orchards, vines, fields, and seeds; and contemplation of life.

• 1/31 to 2/8: Navajo Sing—Festival in preparation for the coming agricultural season; celebrated with prayer, chanting, dancing, and healing. Navajos believe Naste Estsan/Spider Woman helped twin brothers Naymezvani & Tobadzistsini defeat the powers of evil.

• 2/1 to 2/5: Old Greek & Roman festival celebrating the return of God Dionysos/Bacchus from Elysium to be with Goddess Kore/Virga; celebrated with the blessing and pruning of grape vines.

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Marija has been a priestess dedicated to service of Goddess-God since 1989. Excerpts of The Mystic’s Wheel of the Year have been published in SageWoman, Green Man, Creation Spirituality, Covenant of the Goddess Newsletter, Spirited Women, The Northern Grove, The Web News, CAMSG-NL, and on a number of websites as well!
ORDER NOW! SINGING THE PROMISE

In June 1998 at the Unitarian Universalist Association's General Assembly in Rochester, NY, the Covenant of Unitarian Universalist Pagans (CUUPS) sponsored a concert of earth religious music.

Singing the Promise was the concert held to raise funds for CUUPS programming initiatives, religious education efforts and chapter support. From this concert a recording was produced to continue the original intent of the concert.

We invite you to enjoy the evening of fun, laughter, and delight from talented UU musicians, as they celebrate the sounds of earth religious traditions on this recording. Included are the sounds of the following artists:

Carole Eagleheart who has toured for over two decades as a singer, songwriter performing for universities, national demonstrations, women's prisons and UU congregations. She has won international awards in radio and film. Carole is a certified teacher of the Seneca Wolf Clan Teaching Lodge and works to share Native teachings.

Rev. Mary Grigolia is a singer-songwriter and an ordained UU minister serving the Oberlin UU Fellowship and Urban Hope UU Congregation in Cleveland. She has a long-standing reputation as a "nature mystic" and has a visible profile in the women's, ministerial, and UU music communities.

Rev. John Gilmore is the minister of the Unitarian Universalist Church of Manchester, NH and a graduate of Meadville/Lombard. He has become fascinated with using the drum for accompaniment and introducing its use in his congregation's worship services.

Nancy Vedder-Schults is a singer, storyteller, educator, facilitator and ritualist. Her work is rooted in ritual, story and song as well as in feminist theology and scholarship. She is the creator of the popular "Chants for the Queen of Heaven". Her efforts recently received recognition in the form of a Feminist Theology Award from the Unitarian Universalist Women's Federation. Nancy lives in Madison, Wisconsin.

Chris Wagner (Khryssos), a folklorist, composer, singer, instrumentalist, experienced professional church musician, and Radical Faerie, is the publisher of the audio cassette album, "I'll Have My Chants This Time A Round" and the author of "A UU Pagan Hymn Sourcebook".

Join us in our celebration of earth religious music!!! Order your copy of this recording today. CD Recordings are $15.00 and cassette tapes are $12.00. Use the order form in the back of this newsletter.

Celebrate the sacred sounds of the earth's children! May you all be blessed with a Happy and Joyous New Year!
ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP FORM

_____ I want to become/remain an active member in CUUPS, Inc.
I understand as a active member of CUUPS, Inc., I will receive a minimum of four newsletters per year, a membership packet, membership card and mailings regarding upcoming events for CUUPS, Inc.

Please find enclosed my membership fee as checked below. This is in US funds, Canadian or British denominated money orders and paper currency. All personal checks must be in US funds only.

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_____ Basic Active Family membership  $45  ($C68/31BP)
(Family means any two adults and/ or children at one address)

_____ Full time Student/Financial Hardship $15  ($C23/11BP)

_____ Non-member subscriber to the CUUPS Newsletter $12  ($C20/10BP) ($14 outside US)

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At no time does CUUPS sell or promote the use of the members or subscribers lists for commercial purposes. The use of these lists are for member purposes only and CUUPS related business. To ensure this we are offering three levels of confidentiality, at this time. Please check one.

_____ Level 1
Your name, address and phone number will be available only to the current members of the CUUPS Coordinating Committee, Administrator and their agents.

_____ Level 2
Your name, address and phone number will be available only to the current members of the CUUPS Coordinating Committee, Standing Committee Chairs and Chapter Coordinators in your area.

_____ Level 3
Your name, address and phone number is available to anyone interested in UU Paganism!
PRODUCT & SUPPLY ORDER FORM
All prices are in US Funds and are postage paid to North American addresses.

CUUPS Resources:

- The Well Grounded CUUPS Chapter - $5 A short (16pg) booklet on CUUPS Chapters and UU-Paganism based on the experience and opinions of CUUPS Board Emeritus David Burwasser.
- Gift Subscription to CUUPS Newsletter - $12 (2 for $20)

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- Singing the Promise: A CUUPS Benefit Concert $15 CD/$10 Cassette

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- Men and Paganism
- What is Paganism?
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- Celebrating Paganism with Children
- The Wheel of the Year
- Become an Active Member of CUUPS

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